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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/829,316	04/21/2004	Joel R. Studin	SDF 04-14	5671
7590 11/03/2008 Smart D. Frenkel			EXAMINER	
Suite 330 SHEIKH, HUMERA N 3975 University Drive			IUMERA N	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/03/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)		
	10/829,316	STUDIN, JOEL R.		
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Humera N. Sheikh	1615		

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED 20 October 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. Me reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time
periods:
The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1,136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1,136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extensions fee under 37 CFR 1,17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (a) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office lates than three months after the malling date of the final rejection, even if timely filled, may reduce any semed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1,704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of
The Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). AMENDMENTS
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for
appeal; and/or
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the
non-allowable claim(s).
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:
Claim(s) rejected:
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet.
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)
13. Other:

/Humera N. Sheikh/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1615

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's argument that "Youssefyeh does not teach a method for treating healed wounds so as to reduce scarring and/or improve the appearance of scars" and that "Lee does not teach or suggest use of a fluid film-forming carrier and hardening the carrier into a tangible membrane juxtaposed to the healed wound" was not found persuasive. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but were not found persuasive. The secondary reference of Lee clearly resolves the deficiencies of the Youseffyeh primary reference in their teaching of a method for improving the size and appearance of scar tissue associated with keloids or hypertrophic wound healing disorders. Lee teaches a method of treating scars whereby a hydrogel is applied to cover the scar, the same objective as that of Applicant. Thus, the references, in combination, address the same method of treatment. Applicant's argument that "Scarring is not a form of inflammatory dermatoses" was not persuasive as the Examiner notes that scarring, such as keloid formation, can occur as a result of inflammation, either mild or intense. Lee amply demonstrates the correlation between inflammation and scarring and simultaneously treating inflammatory conditions and scars, such as keloids. Applicant's argument that "Mantelle does not teach a method for treating healed wounds so as to reduce scarring and/or improve the appearance of scars" was not persuasive. Mantelle teach flexible, finite bloadhesive compositions and methods for topical application, comprising drug, carrier and a solvent for the active agent in the carrier. While Mantelle does not teach treatment of a 'hypertrophic scar', Lee fills this deficiency and teaches a method of treating scars, based on application of hydrogel to cover a scar. The references in combination render the instant invention prima facie obvious. Further, for the reasons advanced in the Final Office Action filed 08/19/08, Applicant's arguments were not held persuasive.